

# Automated Methods for Integrating Systems (AMIS) Project Overview

(presenter)

Manufacturing Systems Integration Division National Institute of Standards & Technology



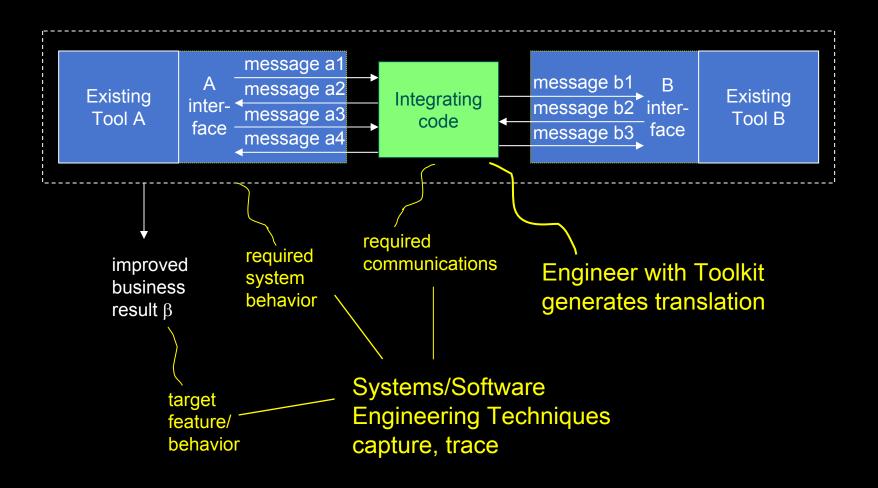


#### **Motivation**

- Problem: Integration of systems in manufacturing enterprises
  - Integration is a constant process driven by:
    - New technologies
    - New capabilities
    - New ways of doing business
    - New partners
- Old solution: Standards
- Alternative: Automate Integration



# Typical Integration Problem





# AMIS approach

- Ontology Extraction:
  - Capture Local Interaction Models of existing software systems or standards
- Specify Joint Action Model for the integration
- Semantic Mapping:
  - Map the Joint Action Model to the Local Interaction Models of the components
- Connector Transformation:
  - Generate Wrappers or Interceptors to link the engineered interface implementations



# AMIS approach

- Ontology Extraction
- Specify Joint Action Model
- Semantic Mapping
- Connector Transformation

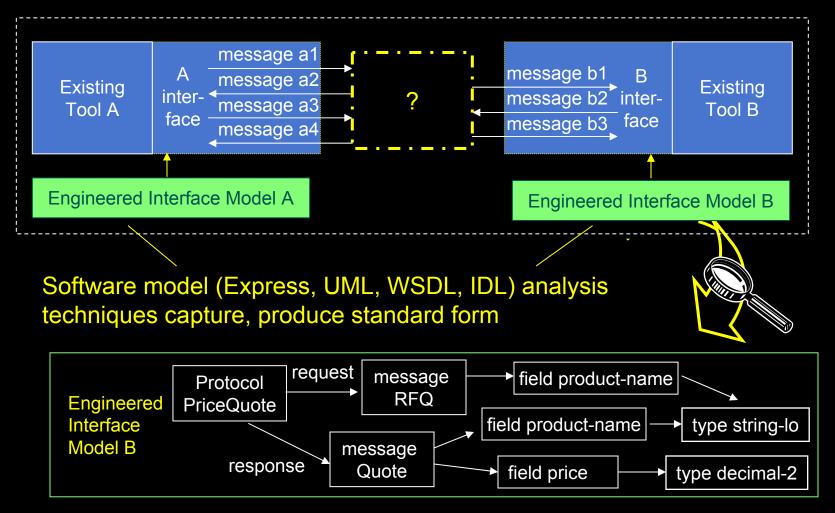


# "Ontology Extraction"

- Capture Local Interaction Model of existing software or standard
  - Capture "business" concepts underlying the software design = Local Conceptual Model
  - Capture "technical" interaction concernsLocal Engineered Interface Model
  - Link business concepts (entities, properties, relationships, actions) to technical representations
  - Capture all models and links in a form suitable for automated reasoning

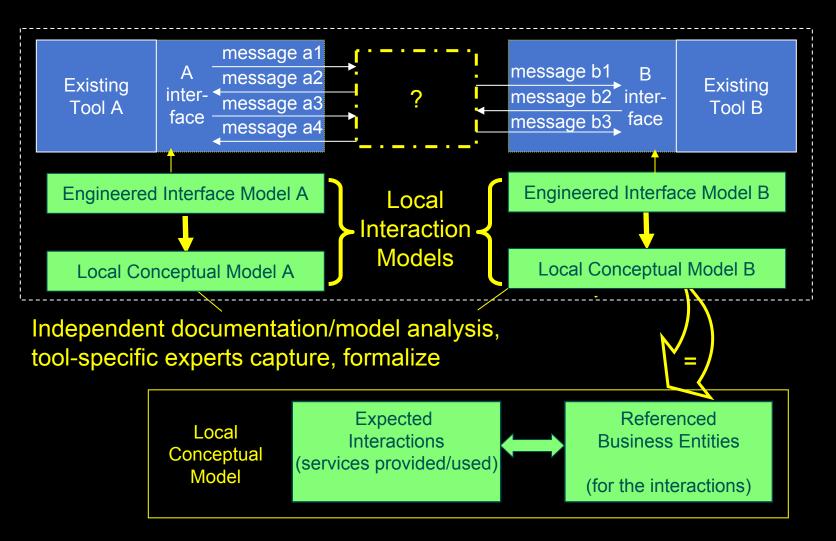


# **Engineered Interface Capture**



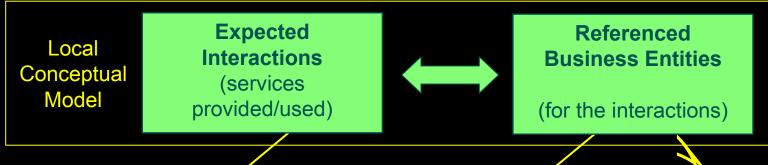


# Local Conceptual Model Capture





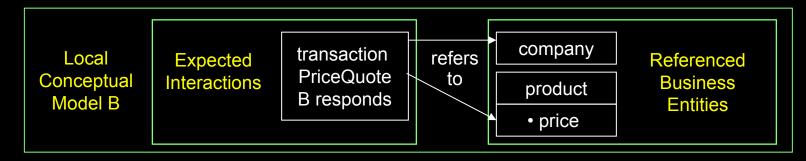
### Local Conceptual Model



Identifies functions/services provided by Tool, and services it expects to use

Identifies business entities, properties, relationships referenced in services

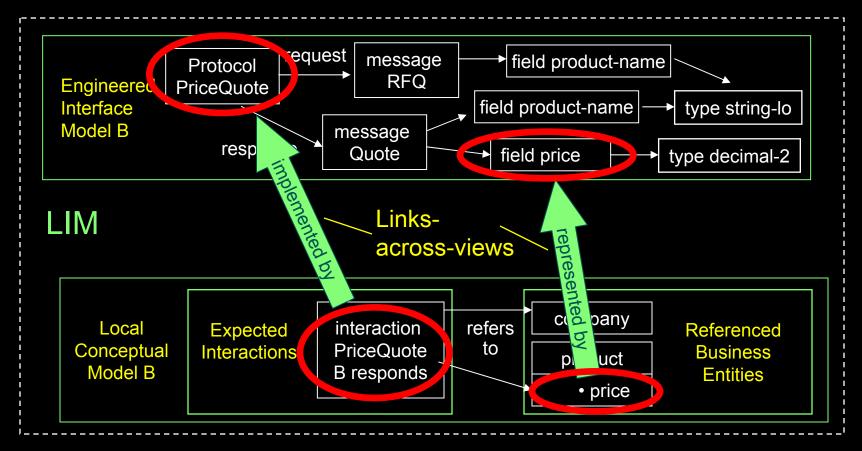






### Links-across-views Capture

Relates local business elements to engineered interface elements Captured with the Local Interaction Model





# AMIS approach

- Ontology Extraction
- Specify Joint Action Model
- Semantic Mapping
- Connector Transformation

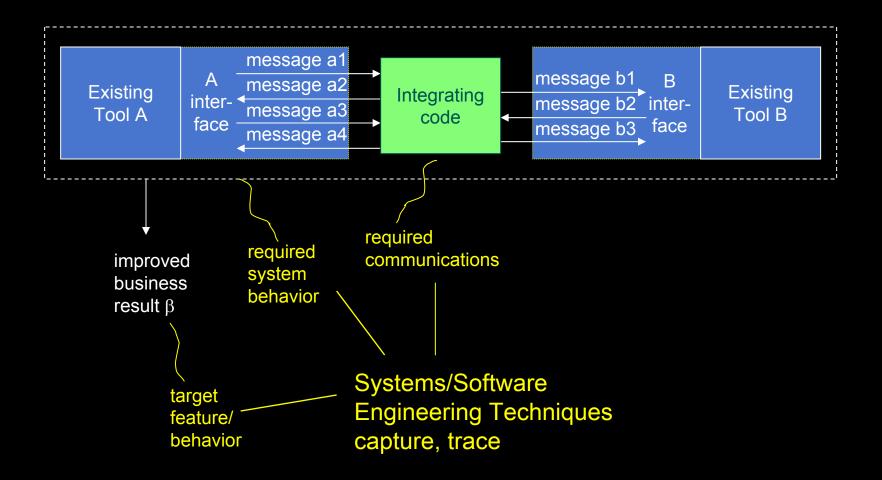


# Specify the Joint Action Model

- Specify the Joint Action Model for the integration
  - Capture the required interactions in business terms
  - Capture the business entities used and affected
  - Joint Action Model is a conceptual model, will have same basic structures as a Local Conceptual Model, but perhaps different organization and terms

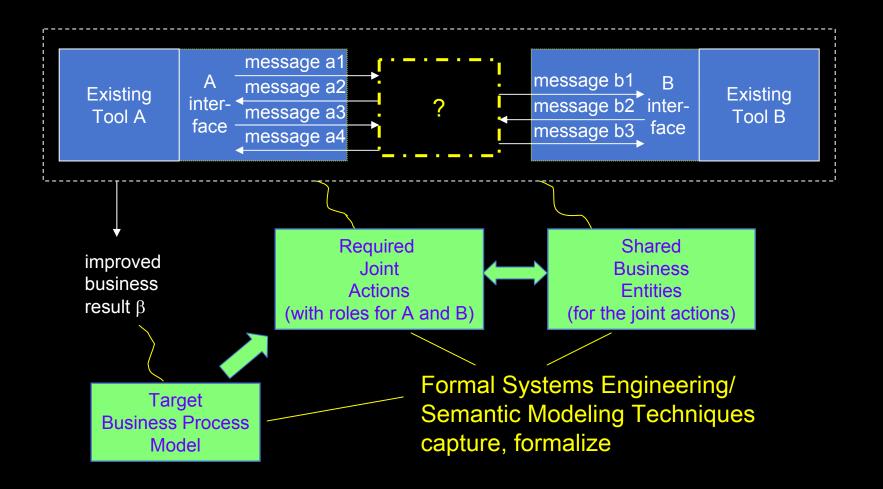


### Human Conceptualization



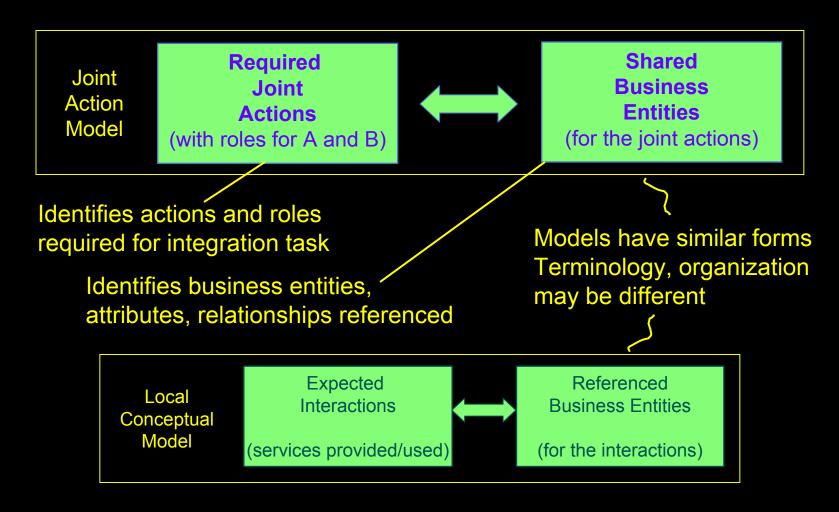


# Joint Action Specification





#### Joint Action Model





# AMIS approach

- Ontology Extraction
- Specify Joint Action Model
- Semantic Mapping
- Connector Transformation

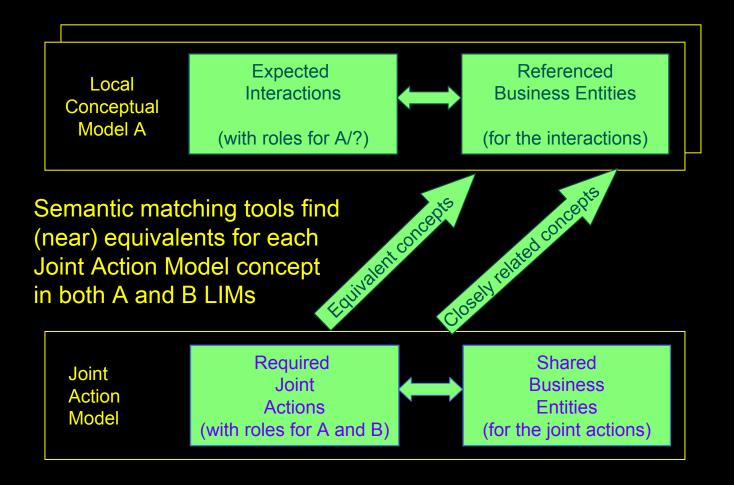


# Semantic Mapping

- Match Joint Action Model terminology with Local Interaction Model terminologies
- Interpret Joint Actions to graphs of expected interactions specified in LIMs
- Compose Semantic Maps for terms/actions with Links-across-views => Integration-end maps
  - define engineering mappings for JAM actions, messages and information units
  - one mapping for each participating system

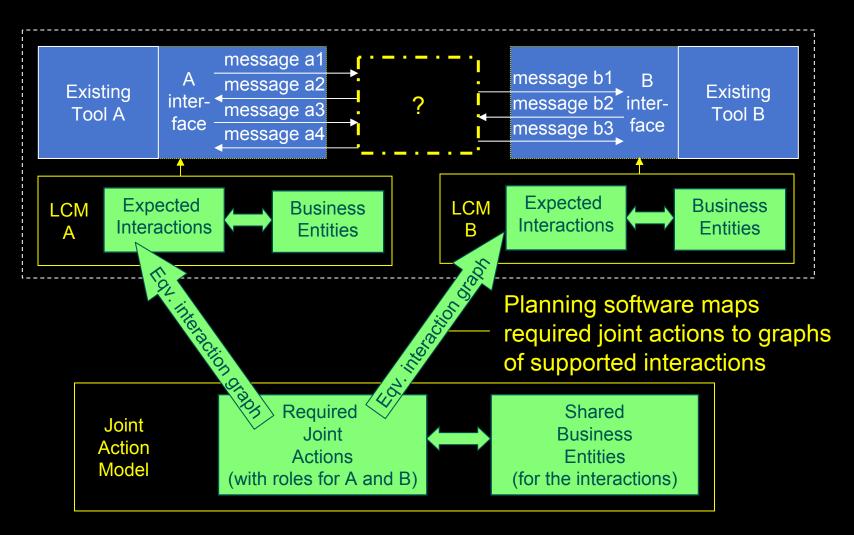


# Terminology Mapping



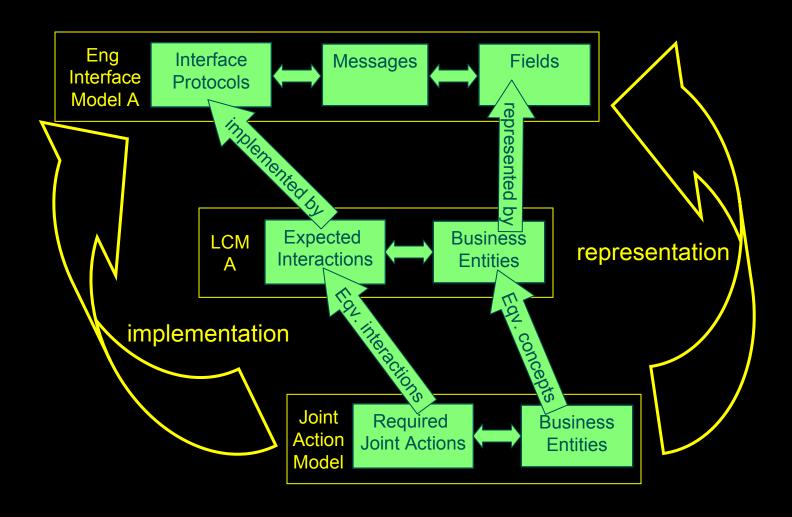


# Interaction Planning





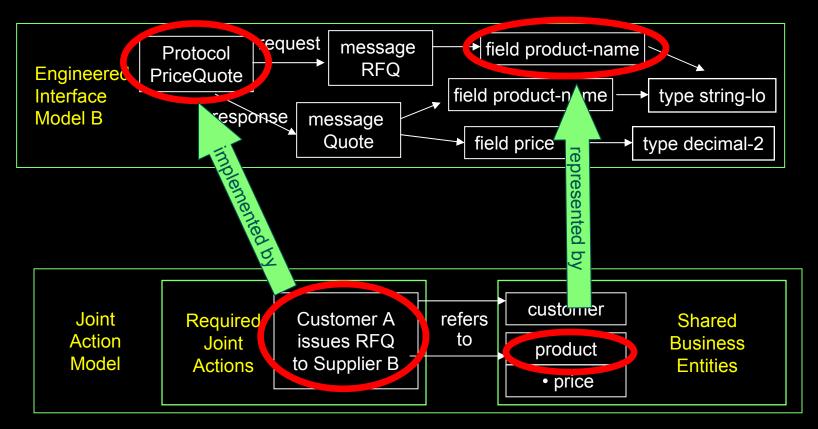
# Integration-End Mapping





# Integration-End Map example

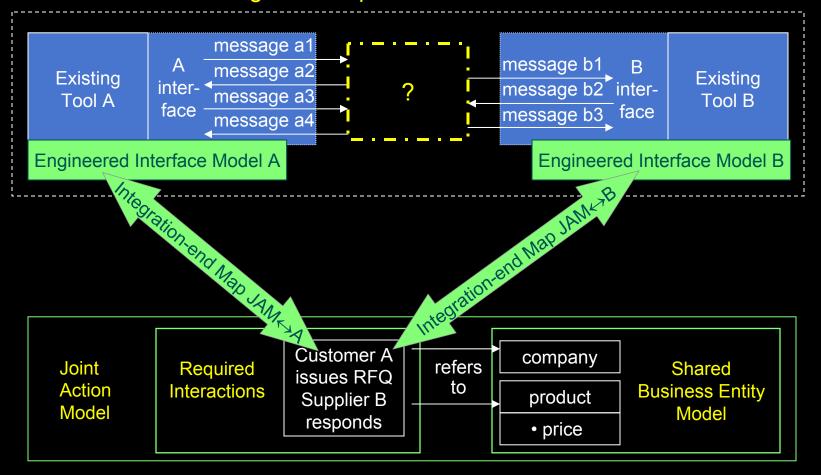
Relates Joint Action elements to engineered interface elements for one end (component) of the joint action





# Integration Mapping

JAM transaction is mapped to messages/fields in each EIM Defines technical integration requirements





# AMIS approach

- Ontology Extraction
- Specify Joint Action Model
- Semantic Mapping
- Connector Transformation

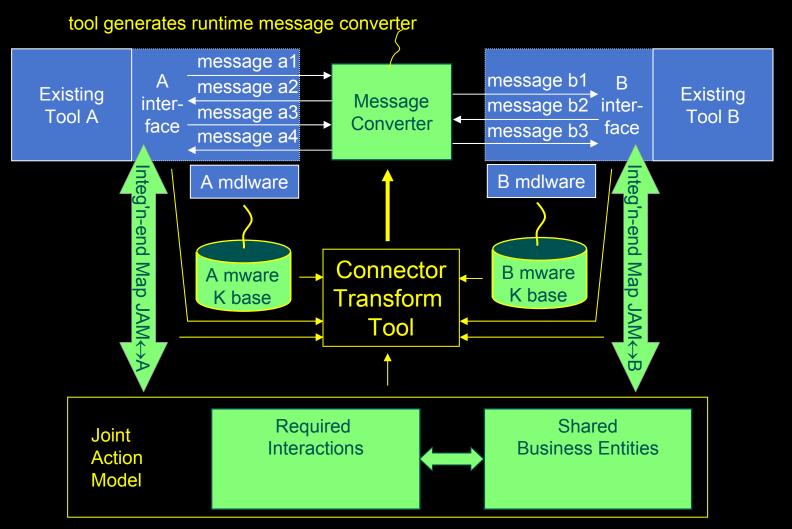


### **Connector Transformation**

- Generate Wrappers or Interceptors to link the engineered interfaces
  - Based on the JAM, the Local EIMs and the Integration-End mappings
  - Formalize all information required for transformations of syntax, structure, and choreography, down to lowest level of abstraction
  - Tools generate dynamic message converters
  - Expand to support dynamic "technology" conversion;
    specific knowledge bases for "middleware technologies" must be developed



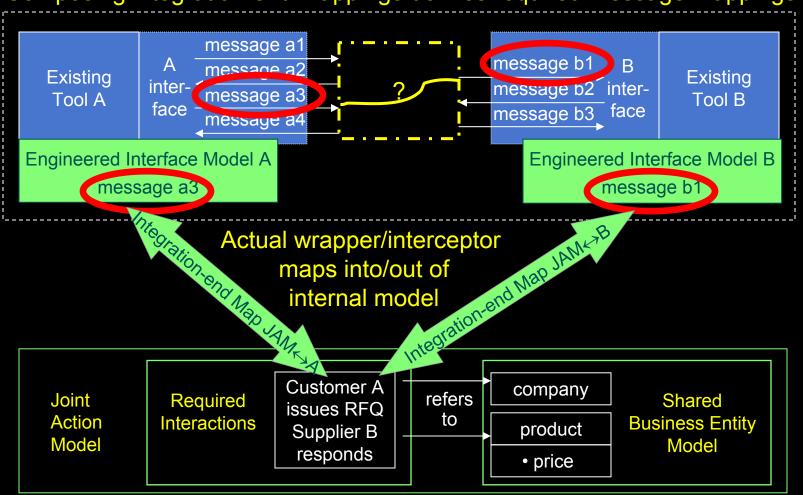
### Connector Transform Tool





# Nominal Message Mapping

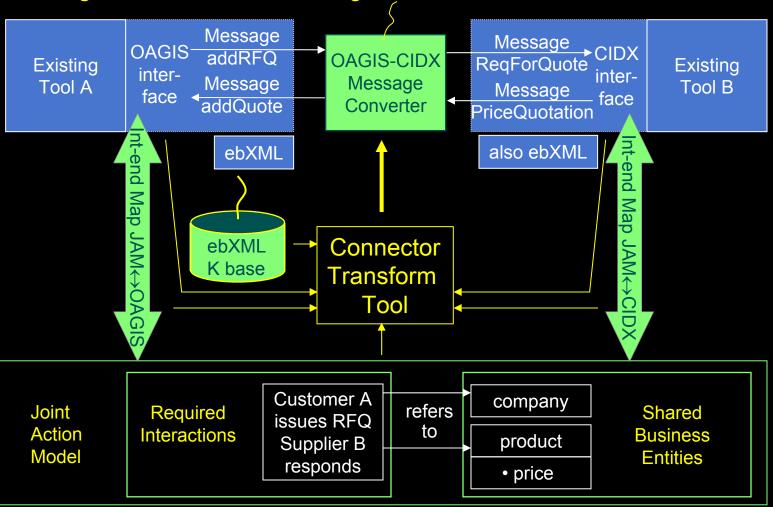
Composing integration-end mappings defines required message mappings





# Example Message Converter

tool generates runtime message converter for CIDX ←→ OAGIS





#### Conclusions

#### Challenges

- Constructing a useful knowledge framework for Local Interaction Models and Joint Action Models
- Extracting Local conceptual models and engineering models from specifications as received
- Defining "semantic mapping" algorithms
- Building a sufficient knowledge base for transformations
- Automating analysis and resolution of technical mismatches



#### Conclusions

- Value added
  - Improve interface/service specifications
  - Improve knowledge capture for existing software systems and standards
  - If it works, greatly reduce the time and cost of "systems integration" projects
  - Otherwise, identify the unsolved problems and provide knowledge for new toolkits



# **AMIS Project Staff**

- Ed Barkmeyer project leader
  - edbark@nist.gov
- Peter Denno ontology extraction
  - pdenno@nist.gov
- Dave Flater, Don Libes connector transforms
  - dflater@nist.gov, libes@nist.gov
- Evan Wallace semantic mapping
  - ewallace@nist.gov
- Nenad Ivezic and NIST Testbed staff
  - scenario and JAM development



#### Co-Researchers

University of Maryland MIND Lab



### **Papers**

- Barkmeyer, et al., Concepts for Automating Systems Integration, NIST IR 6928, (2003), www.nist.gov/msidlibrary/doc/AMIS-Concepts.pdf
- Denno, P., Steves, M., Libes, D., Barkmeyer, E., Model-Driven Integration Using Legacy Models, IEEE Software, (2003)
- Libes, et al., *The AMIS Approach to Systems Integration:* an Overview, NISTIR xxxx (2004), in publication