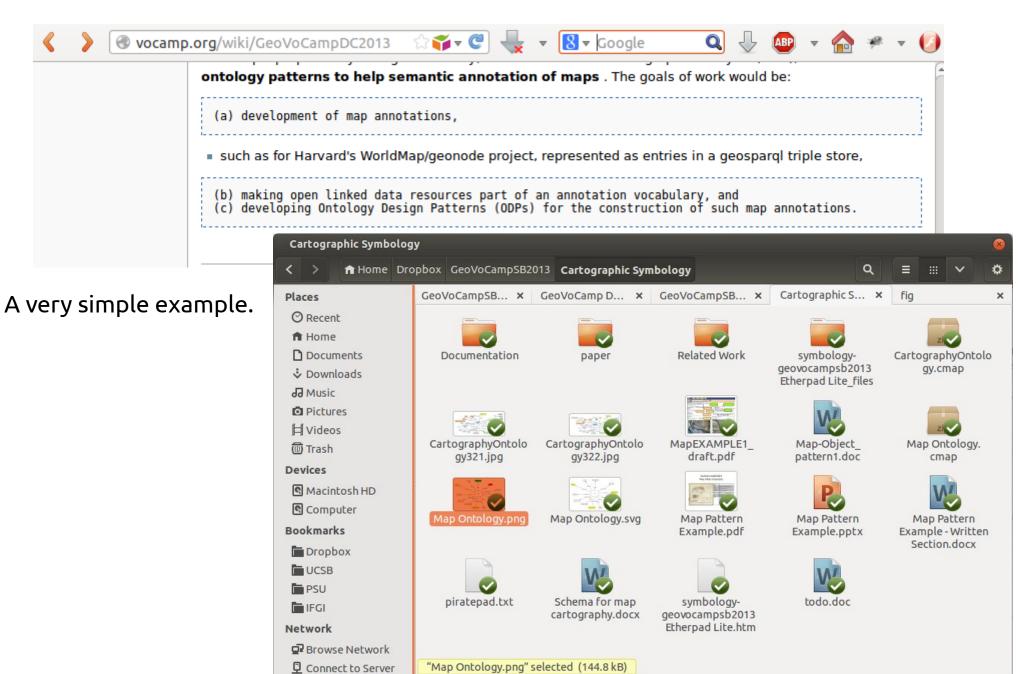
# Please don't agree: Descartes-Core

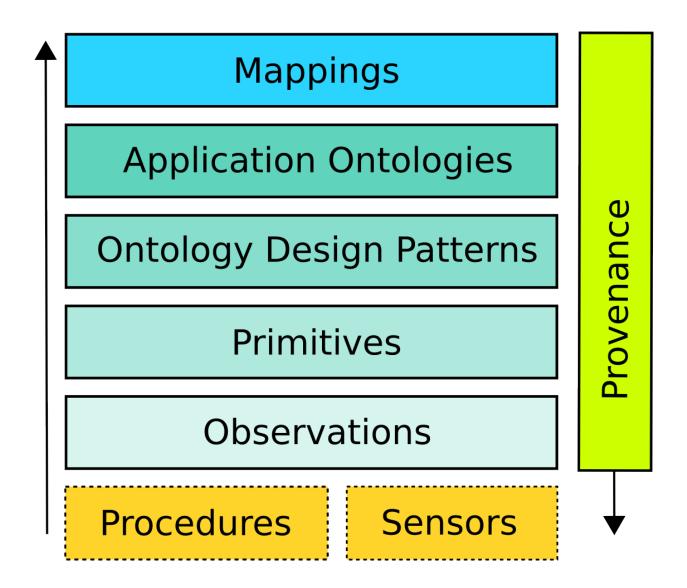
GeoVoCamp DC Nov.2013

'Similar to Dublin Core for the library science and Darwin Core for ecology, we plan to establish Descartes-Core at this meeting. Descartes-Core will not be a top-level ontology but a set of (geo-)ontology design patterns, micro-ontologies, best practice guides, examples, software, and services, that aim to foster semantic interoperability between different (Linked Data) sources without restricting semantic heterogeneity at the same time.'

#### Why Do We Need Descartes-Core?

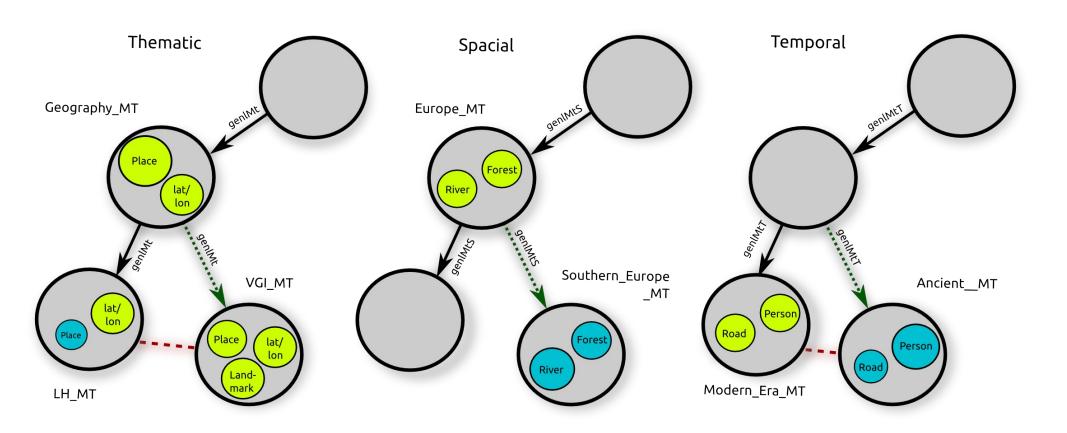


# Descartes-Core Ontology Engineering Stack



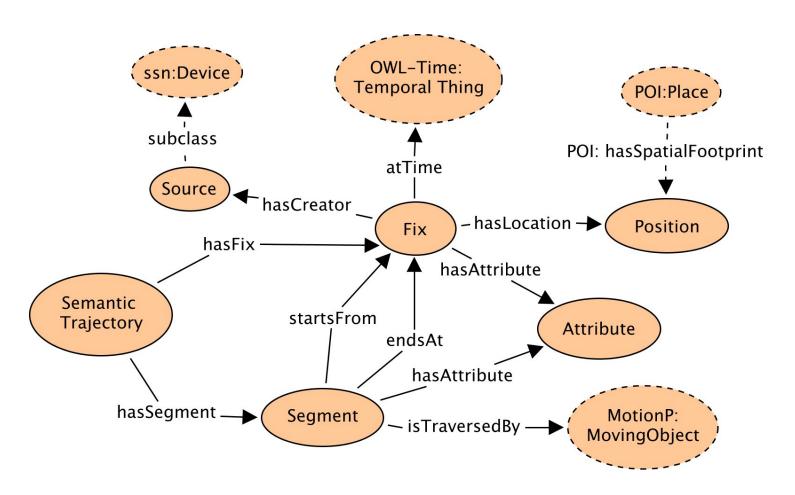
See: http://bit.ly/19y5dk0

# A Network of Micro-Ontologies



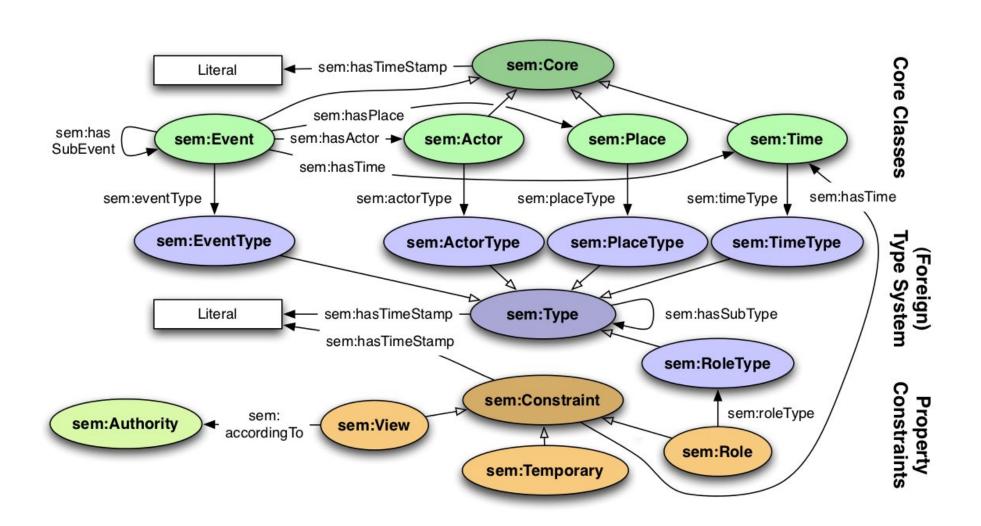
See: http://bit.ly/19y5dk0

#### Ontology Design Pattern?



- Not every (small) ontology is a pattern; calling everything a pattern does not help
- There are different types of patterns, e.g., logical patterns vs. context patterns
- Patterns and ontologies require an axiomatization, not just a figure
- Trajectory pattern example → Why is Place, Device, MovingObject, etc not part of the pattern?

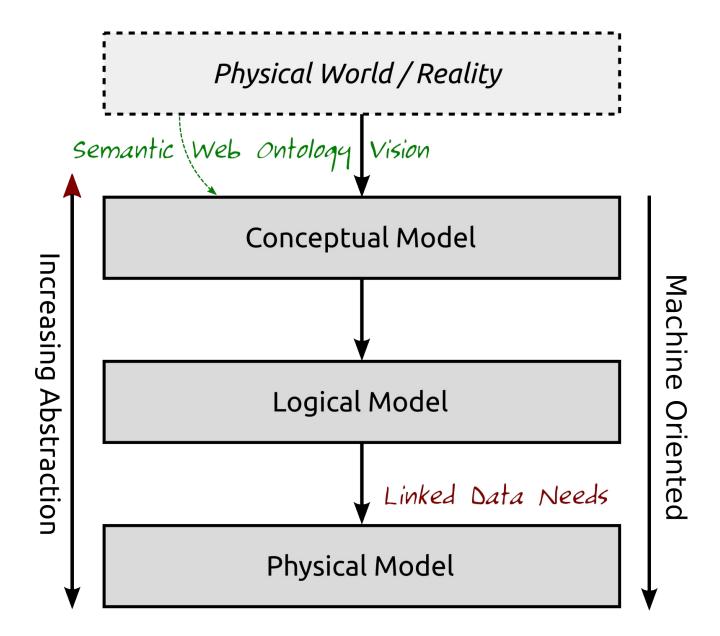
# Dealing with Subtypes and Modeling Complexity



#### Mark Gahegan's Guiding Pattern Principles

- Keep it simple, stupid
- Where you end up depends on where you start, and what you think is important....
  - Choose and agree on (and document) a 'Subject'
  - Check existing patterns to see what other subjects might form useful connection points
- What is important about your subject depends on what it means to you—what you want to do with it...what problem it solves for you
  - Choose and agree on (and document) a 'Purpose'
  - Ensure there are Data that fit this purpose...
  - Later, also consider other purposes, as this will help you to avoid over-specifiying
- Provide three examples of where this pattern works

# Ontologies, Conceptual Models, .....?



See: http://bit.ly/HYL40t