

National Snow and Ice Data Center

Advancing knowledge of Earth's frozen regions



University of Colorado Boulder







Semantics & the SSIII Project

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TWC

The Semantic Sea Ice Interoperability Initiative



Image courtesy Andy Mahoney, NSIDC



SSIII works to make Arctic data more useful to more people.

Extend a network of Arctic data and systems and harmonize metadata. Create integrative sea ice ontologies and encourage their use. Improve the discovery, understanding, and use of sea ice data.





photo courtesy The Inquisitr

Operational Perspective

A Coast Guard Icebreaker cutting a path for a tanker to get fuel to the iced in city of Nome, Alaska.





I. Open ocean





III. Ice with snow



© Karen Frey, The Polaris Project

Research Perspective

How is the changing sea ice affecting the ice-albedo feedback?





Image courtesy NASA Earth Observatory

Modeling Perspective

What data should be used to validate/drive my model?



The Local Indigenous Perspective

- earlier break up / later freeze up (2-3 weeks each)
- increased weather variability / traditional forecasts no longer work
- sea ice thinner; poorly formed (poor strength/integrity)
- seasonal calendar off; some names no longer apply
- etc. etc.

photo ©Shari Gearheard

Example sea ice chart with egg codes

Арктический и Антарктический научно-исследовательский институт Росгидромета

Arctic and Antarctic Research Institute of Roshydromet

Feb. 28 - March. 02 2005



Fast ice





The WMO "Egg Code"



Total Concentration (in tenths or a range)

Partial Concentration for different thicknesses (in tenths)

Stage of Development for different thicknesses (codes for defined terms partially based on thickness, e.g. "nilas", "first year", "multi-year")

Form of ice (codes for defined terms largely based on floe size, e.g. "pancake", "vast ice floe")

Relates to the "WMO Sea Ice Nomenclature"



SSIII Sea Ice Ontologies







NSIDC

Operations to Research: Next Steps (1 of 2)

- Load NSIDC Sigrid 3 data into Virtuoso done
- Create simple prototype query interface in progress
- Sample queries for the prototype:
 - Give me a list of areas where the sea ice was thicker than X between the dates A and B?
 - On date X where were the ice floes bigger than 10 km?
 - What is the average age of the sea ice in the Beaufort sea?



Operations to Research: Next Steps (2 of 2)

- Create simple map-based query interface experiments in progress
 - Show me where the 3+ m thick ice was between these two dates
- Feed the shapes output from these queries into subsetting services for other NSIDC data not this grant...
 - MODIS sea ice products (what's the average albedo when the sea ice is more than 3 meters thick?)
 - AVHRR data
 - Passive microwave



Modeling Perspective: The Semantics of CICE

- Semantic framework for describing the physics and computational methods in the Community Ice CodE (CICE)
 - Sea Ice component of NCAR's Community Earth System Model (CESM4)
- Will help others understand
 - how model subcomponents interact
 - which processes are parameterized and which are directly simulated
 - how observations can be used to set model parameters or validate model outputs



Solar Radiation and Sea Ice

- We focus on the disposition of solar radiation
 - Important determinant of surface energy balance and subsequent changes in sea ice state and ocean primary productivity
 - Building an ontology using Event Calculus to highlight different treatments of ice surface reflectance
 - Parameterize as function of other state variables (air temperature), vs.
 - Modeling the physical interaction of ice with light
- Hope to serve as bridge between research, operational and modeling communities



Indigenous Perspective: Background

- SSIII is exploring the use of semantics theory, methods and tools to assist with linking Indigenous knowledge, concepts and terminology with scientific knowledge
- Indigenous knowledge is long-standing knowledge passed from generation to generation, yet is constantly evolving based on the synthesis of new observations and experiences
- In this sub-project, we are working with communities to model Indigenous knowledge of sea ice of Alaska (Barrow, Yukon River Delta) and evaluate the potential to link with scientific/operational terminology (WMO)
- The challenges lie in understanding the nuance of Indigenous knowledge and terminology, local specificity, different understandings due to different experiences, and the historical and political context of using Indigenous knowledge



Sources - interviews + books



http://www.arcus.org/publications/wiwow/

ELLAVUT Our Yup'ik World & Weather

	Barrow Iñupiaq Sea Ice Terminology				
	Alphabetical List, with English Explanations Compiled by Ronald H. Brower, Sr. ANLC; shared February 2008				
Aayuaġaq	Crack in sea or lake ice kept open by shifting currents so that it never freezes solid.				
Agiuppak	Wall of shared ice along the edge of the open lead that has been formed by the grinding action of the free ice against the shore-locked ice				
Aisitaq	Cracked ice made by force of moving ice that attaches to ayuksraq (see below) and moves with it.				
Alliviñiq	Ice that is under other ice that could at any moment come out from under, due to current or boat wake				
Aluksraq	Young ice punched by seals forming a seal blowhole				



These sources only as good as reader's interpretation - experts still needed



http://www.springer.com/



Models being developed and validated

Concept Map based on interpretaion of "Ellavut: Our Yup'ik World and Weather" Anne Fienup-Riordan & Alice Rearden, 2012





Several applications being considered





Teaching and continued use of language



Local Observations Seasonal Ice Zone Observing Network (SIZONet)

Exchange for Local Observations and Knowledge of the Arctic



Home About Research methods Public informa	tion Data Add observation	Contacts	Logged in	as ELOKA Team	Log out	
CURRENT SEARCH Did you know the term for slush Results Keyword(s): Slush Did you know the term for slush rervations Date(s): 2006-04-01 - 20 ror 12 Sort by: Date (Late 04 X						
Village(s): Barrow Observer(s): Joe Leavitt Refine Search	Date Slush ice Date to gar thr whale tak going by.	moving along shore fast ice. Hard on boat's ough the slush Most boat moved up One ten Current going to the NE Lot's of whale	nents noted (legend) Transc All deta	ript Edit ails		
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	2007-05-06	Close	Transc All deta	ript Edit ails		
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The SIZONet Observation Database is a collaboration between SIZONet and ELOKA. This Web site is hosted by the National Snow and Ice Data Center.



Focus on sea ice safety training using Indigenous knowledge





Tradition and Technology

- New technology cannot replace the traditional passing of wisdom and instruction by Elders and experts
- Books and other established forms of documentation will always have a place
- New technologies may complement existing ways of documenting, teaching and learning and may help to engage youth
- Ultimately, selecting appropriate technology is key

"I believe it is time for the harpoon and the computer to work together" -- Peter Kattuk, Sanikiluaq, Nunavut



Possible benefits

Documenting and representing concepts in new ways:

- May help in passing knowledge from Elders and experts to youth.
- May increase the prominence of Indigenous knowledge in science and policy making.
- May be used to link knowledge across languages, and help in continuing use of Indigenous languages.
- May help us to make the most useful observations and models of environmental impacts.
- May allow us to compare how different processes work across locations.
 photo ©Shari Gearheard

"a collection of schemas, i.e., html tags, that webmasters can use to markup their pages in ways recognized by major search providers."

"Search engines including **Bing, Google, Yahoo! and Yandex** rely on this markup to improve the display of search results, making it easier for people to find the right web pages."



The Schema.org dataset schema

- <u>Thing</u> > <u>CreativeWork</u> > <u>Dataset</u>: a body of structured information describing some topic(s) of interest
 - catalog(<u>DataCatalog</u>): the data catalog which contains a dataset
 - distribution(<u>DataDownload</u>): a downloadable form of this dataset, at a specific location, in a specific format
 - spatial(<u>Place</u>): the range of spatial applicability of a dataset, e.g. for a dataset of New York weather, the state of New York
 - temporal(DateTime): the range of temporal applicability of a dataset, e.g. for a 2011 census dataset, the year 2011 (in <u>ISO 8601</u> time interval format)
- <u>Thing > CreativeWork</u> > <u>DataCatalog</u>: a collection of datasets
 - dataset(<u>Dataset</u>): a dataset contained in a catalog
- <u>Thing</u> > <u>CreativeWork</u> > <u>MediaObject</u> > <u>DataDownload</u>: a dataset in downloadable form



NSIDC Catalog Pages

Image: State of the	google custom search 🔍 💽 🗸 🏠
Most Visited 👻 🗌 Getting Started 📲 GSLIS 📄 NSIDC VPN 🚺 Outlook Web App 🔣 DC wiki 🇼 dcs-ui 🌗 DC G	Contour 🦞 DC Jira 📋 Research Data S
	Search NSIDC
JODE	Contact Us Cearch Noibe
NSIDC National Snow & Ice Data Center HOME DATA PROGRAMS RESEARCH N	EWS ABOUT THE CRYOSPHERE ABOUT US
Soil and Air Temperature at Forest and Tundra sites, Petite-Riviere-de-la-Baleine, Quebec,	Canada
Get External Data	Externally Distributed Data Set
This data set includes meteorological measurements from two climatological stations (one forest, one tundra) at PBA	Please contact the investigator or data
Campus, Petite Riviere de la Baleine in Quebec, Canada. Parameters include ground temperature, air temperature, pressure relative humidity, wind speed and direction, and snow depth. Measurements were taken every minute, with a storage interva	e, compiler to acquire these data.
of 60 minutes for air data and 1440 minutes for ground data.	Frozen,
View Metadata Record	FGDC catalog
Data Citation	Data Contributors
Copyright Web page.	MICHAUD, YVES
Yves Michaud and Denis Sarrazin. 2003. Soil and Air Temperature at Forest and Tundra sites, Petite-Riviere-de-la-Baleine,	Parameters
Quebec, Canada. [Indicate subset used]. Boulder, Colorado USA: National Snow and Ice Data Center.	ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION >
	ALBEDO ATMOSPHERIC
Contact User Services	
	ATMOSPHERIC
	ATMOSPHERIC WATER VAPOR
	> HUMIDITY
	ATMOSPHERIC WINDS > SURFACE WINDS
	• FROZEN GROUND > SOIL
	SURFACE RADIATIVE

PROPERTIES > ALBEDO

Tags used by NSIDC

First set of fields embedded:

- <u>Thing</u> > Name
- <u>Thing</u> > Description
- <u>Thing</u> > <u>CreativeWork</u> >Contributor
- <u>Thing</u> > <u>CreativeWork</u> > Citation
- <u>Thing</u> > <u>CreativeWork</u> >Keyword (parameter)

These fields were already on the catalog pages

These fields aren't but are likely to be later this year

Up next:

- From Thing
 - sameAs
 - url
- From Thing > CreativeWork
 - Author
 - dateCreated
 - dateModified
 - datePublished
 - Editor
 - inLanguage
 - Provider
 - Publisher
 - Version
- From Thing > CreativeWork > Dataset
 - Distribution
 - Spatial
 - Temporal

Add the markup to your pages and republish them



It wasn't really that easy

Issues:

- Google tools vs. development environments
- Google webmaster and structured testing tools don't work with dynamic web pages
- It can take forever for Google to completely recrawl a site





Thank You rduerr@nsidc.org nsidc.org/ssiii

photo courtesy NOAA